SPECIAL TOWNSHIP COMMITTEE MEETING ON COAH'S PROPOSED THRID ROUND RULES MARCH 17 2008

A Special Township Committee Meeting on COAH'S Proposed Third round Rules was held at 7:00 p.m. in the Cranbury School Cafeteria Answering present to the roll call were: Township Committee members: Thomas F. Panconi, Jr., Richard Stannard, Pari Stave, Wayne Wittman and Mayor David J. Stout. Also present was: Trishka Waterbury, Esquire, Attorney, Mary Beth Lonergan, COAH Consultant, Mark Berkowsky, Cranbury Housing Associates, Christine Smeltzer, Administrator and Kathleen R. Cunningham, Clerk. Also in Attendance: Senator Bill Baroni and Assemblywoman Linda Greenstein. Mayor Stout led in the salute to the flag and Ms. Cunningham gave the following Open Public Meetings Act statement:

In accordance with Section 5 of the Open Public Meetings Act, it is hereby announced and shall be entered into the minutes of this meeting that adequate notice of this meeting has been provided:

- (1) Posted on March 11, 2008 on the Bulletin Board of the Municipal Office at 23-A North Main Street, Cranbury, New Jersey and remains posted at that location.
- (2) Communicated to the Cranbury Press, Home News Tribune and Trenton Times on March 11, 2008.
- (3) Was filed on March 11, 2008 at the Cranbury Municipal Office, 23-A North Main Street, Cranbury, New Jersey, posted on the Township's web site and remains on file for public inspection, and
- (4) Sent to those individuals who have requested personal notice.

Attached is a full transcript of the Special Township Committee Meeting on COAH'S Proposed Third Round Rules.

1 2 (Open Public Meetings Act Notice 2 2 this probably know a great deal. 3 We have with us this good evening, 3 is read.) 4 4 Mary Beth Lonergan who works with us as an 5 5 expert on COAH. We have Trishka Waterbury, our (Roll call.) 6 6 Township Attorney can also help in that regard. 7 7 MR. PANCONI: Here. We'll talk about the background of 8 MR. STANNARD: Here. 8 Cranbury's compliance in the first two rounds 9 MS. STAVE: Here. 9 and how we are proceeding towards compliance in the third round until we basically had the MR. WITTMAN: Here. 10 10 changes that came before us. We'll talk about 11 MAYOR STOUT: Here. 11 12 the new third round rules and as they are 12 MS. CUNNINGHAM: We have a quorum. 13 currently written, what they could mean. 13 MR. STOUT: First of all, thanks 14 More importantly, we will have an 14 and good evening. We certainly appreciate everyone coming out here this evening to join 15 opportunity for public comment and ideas. We 15 16 us for what will be a very important meeting. 16 have no patents on ideas on this side of the room. We want to hear from you. We want to 17 Also, Happy St. Patrick's Day. We apologize we 17 18 have to do this tonight but that's just the 18 have all of you be involved in this process. 19 We want to let you know who to 19 schedule we are under. This community has been around for 20 reach out to. Linda Greenstein just arrived, 20 21 We are hoping Bill Baronl and Wayne DeAngelo 21 311 years. In that time it had faced a number 22 will be here as well so they can see just how 22 of challenges. For example, in modern times I 23 much the taxpayers in Cranbury care about their 23 know they faced a challenge of one-time trying 24 community. 24 to site a landfill in this township. That 25 25 didn't happen. They faced similar challenges We want to give you some ideas 1 1 2 in the first round in the COAH rules to get 2 what might be a good thing to say, what we want 3 them into a more reasonable place, to name a 3 to talk about, our strategy and approach for 4 4 basically resolving what is facing us. 5 What did that process do? It did 5 As I said, it involves all of us. 6 6 what I see tonight. It drew the municipality It is an emotional issue. We need to remain 7 7 together to protect the values and resources pointed. 8 8 and its quality of life. We face that same I think to think of an analogy, I 9 9 thought of COAH Round One, Two and Three, all 1 challenge right now. 10 The third round rules for COAH 10 could think of was the Wizard of Oz. We have 11 that we began complying with more than a year 11 done everything we have been asked to. Every ago keep changing. They are not changing in 12 time we go in and we say, they say, "That's not 12 13 our favor. They are changing in ways that can 13 good enough.* We are facing that challenge 14 change the character of our community and all 14 again. We all need to work collectively to 15 make sure we get to protect what it is that we 15 those things that we hold so dear and what 16 16 brought us here. have in this community, 17 A couple of thoughts is we are all 17 So with that said, the first order 18 in this together. There are no enemies in this 18 of business we have tonight is, basically, a 19 room. We are all allies in this room. We are 19 resolution. Actually, I'm going to postpone 20 allies around a common cause. 20 the resolution to the end until after we hear 21 What we hope to accomplish tonight 21 from the public which is probably a better 22 is to give some background with our 22 idea. 23 professionals who know more about this maybe 23 We'll start with the work session. than some of us but some of the people in the 24 The first item, I failed to introduce him, is

Mark Berkowsky, President of CHA Housing

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25 audience who have been through three rounds of

1 1 8 Associates. He volunteers a lot of time and 2 1984, it shifted its focus to a management 2 3 has dedicated a lot of his professional 3 organization, designing, constructing and 4 expertise to helping us maintain COAH 4 developing new projects and managing the rental 5 compliance through the Cranbury Housing 5 and sale of past projects. CHA has worked in 6 Associates. Mark will spend a little bit of 5 partnership with the Township helping Cranbury 7 time opening up our work session, basically, 7 to meet its original and continuing COHA 8 giving you a flavor of what Cranbury Housing obligations. 9 9 Associates has done for the last 20 years to The provisions for affordable 10 10 help us maintain COAH compliance. housing in the State of New Jersey were changed MR. BERKOWSKY: Good evening. 11 forever with the decision of the New Jersey 11 It's great to see this kind of turn-out from my 12 Supreme Court in response to zoning challenges 12 13 in Mount Laurel, New Jersey. The Mount Laurel 13 fellow citizens in Cranbury. 14 14 decision originally required Cranbury to in addition to my role with CHA, 15 I'm also a Board member of the Historical 15 provide 816 low and moderate income dwelling Society and I was a member of the mediation 16 units. 16 17 17 team that successfully defeated the Builders One option to meet this 18 Remedy proposal in 1987. We have been there 18 requirement was the "Builders Remedy" which 19 19 allowed a developer to build four market priced before and we won. 20 You'll hear more about that as I 20 units for every one affordable unit 21 constructed. This would have meant that over 21 go through my presentation. 22 There are several handouts that I 22 four thousand new units would be developed hope everyone received. The first are photos (over 3000 of which would have been market 23 23 24 of CHA projects. They are the same ones 24 price.) Cranbury had a total of less than 25 eight hundred dwelling units at that time. displayed on the boards to the right. 1 1 Hopefully, you have seen the buildings though 2 Cranbury was also sued by several 2 you may not know who lives there. That's what 3 developers to satisfy the Supreme Court's 3 4 the intent was. 4 requirements. In July of 1984, the Superior 5 5 Also, we prepared a listing of Court ordered Cranbury to change its zoning to 6 those projects and then a listing of Cranbury's 6 accommodate the 816 units. The Court's remedy 7 Affordable Housing obligations and our 7 was then put on hold due to passage of the Fair 8 8 Housing Act of 1985, and the creation of the compliance. 9 9 Council on Affordable Housing known as COAH. Cranbury Housing Associates or 10 10 CHA, as it is commonly known, is a volunteer. Cranbury requested the 11 nonprofit corporation originally organized in 11 jurisdiction of their affordable housing 12 1963, consisting mostly of Cranbury residents. 12 requirements be changed from the Court to COAH. We are a low-key group that has worked behind 13 The first action that COAH took was to reduce 13 14 the scenes for 45 years providing Affordable 14 Cranbury's Fair Share number to 187 units. 15 Housing in Cranbury and other local 15 Cranbury had to prepare revised zoning 16 communities. 16 requirements to accommodate that number. 17 The initial objectives of CHA were 17 Under the Builder's Remedy option, 18 to Improve and provide the housing needs of the 18 the overall impact to Cranbury would still have 19 low-income, dsadvantaged and permanent resident 19 been over a thousand new units. A developer 20 of the area. In those early years from its 20 who had an option to property east of Route 130 21 start in 1963 to the mid 1980s, it was a 21 said he would fund all of it, including over 22 hands-on organization, with many of the 22 seven hundred of the market priced units. In 23 projects undertaken with volunteer labor and 23 order to meet COAH's deadline of December 31st. 24 minimum financial input. 24 1986, Cranbury accepted this proposal. 25 After the Mount Laurel decision in 25

During the public review period,

and only build the low and moderate housing. CHA accepted the challenge and because of their past experience and credibility, the plan was 22 accepted by COAH to meet the Township's requirements.

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24 On April 24, 1989, Cranbury was 25 granted Substantive Certification of its

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1 12 2 For the rehabilitation 3 requirements, CHA assisted two private low 4 Income property owners in the rehabilitation of their houses. In addition, CHA again renovated 6 the Pin Oaks property, which was the original 7 property CHA renovated in '63, and added one 8 unit creating a total of seven units. 9 The senior citizen requirements

were met via development of a 20 unit senior citizens rental housing project. It was funded by a grant from the Department of Community Affairs Balanced Housing Fund and a 50 year, one percent mortgage from the Farmer's Home Administration.

The site, approximately two acres, is in the middle of the village on property that was formerly tennis courts owned by the School Board and the Township. The development 20 success of this project was due in part to the 21 design being compatible with the character of 22 the historic district.

The new family unit requirements were met on three sites. In negotiating a zoning issue with a private developer on South

2 affordable housing plan. This certification 3 gave Cranbury the protection from the filing of lawsuits or challenges to our zoning for a 5 period of six years. This was extremely 6 important as the pressure of residential 7 development was felt in all areas of the state 8 and especially in the central New Jersey area, 9 both in Cranbury as well as our neighboring 10 communities.

Of the 153 units, 76 were transferred to Perth Amboy through what is known as a Regional Contribution Agreement or RCA. The Township paid \$25,000 per unit to rehabilitate 76 units in Perth Amboy, to provide affordable housing in Cranbury's region. Of the remaining 77 homes to be built, Cranbury received a bonus credit of 10, based on the fact that 50 percent of the units were to be rental, reducing the affordable housing requirement to 67 units.

Of that number, nine existing 23 houses were to be rehabilitated, 19 were to be new senior citizen rental units, and 39 were to be new family units.

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2 Main Street, the Township received a 16 acre 3 site to be used for affordable housing and a

4 park. This is known as Heritage Park today.

5 CHA developed a twenty-four unit family housing

6 project, designing it, receiving public

7 support, receiving funding from the Township 8

and private sources, and having the homes 9 constructed.

The site on Bergen Drive has four buildings consisting of five units each and one building with four units. Five of these units are owned by CHA and are rented, while the other 19 units were sold. These buildings consist of one and two bedroom units.

16 At the same time that the Bergen 17 Drive site was being developed, the Township 18 also received property from another developer 19 further south on South Main Street. This 20 allowed CHA to site two, five-unit buildings, 21 one and two bedroom units, on Danser Drive and 22 three duplex units with three bedrooms each on 23 South Main Street.

Of the 16 units that were built, a 25 five unit building is still owned by CHA and is

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With completion of the 40 units, Cranbury's affordable housing requirements were satisfied. But only for a short time. COAH required a second round of affordable housing and this time Substantive Certification was

granted to Cranbury's plan on December 4, 1996. Due to Cranbury's pro-active approach to meet there first round obligations, credits were granted for the second round. Of 12 the 51 units required for new construction, 34 13 units were transferred to Carteret for an RCA 14 at a cost of \$20,000 per unit. The Township's 15 requirements could have been met with the 16 construction of nine units and a rental credit of nine units. Anticipating the new need and 18 future need, a piece of property adjacent to the Township's Village Park which would accommodate 16 units, and that piece of property was purchased. CHA was again asked to develop this site on Bennett Place and construction began in August of 2001 with occupancy in September of 2002.

transferred to Perth Amboy under an RCA at a 2 cost of \$35,000 per unit. We are also to 3 4 receive credits of 20 for providing rental units and very low income units.

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We are also just completing our latest project that is located on old Cranbury Road which consists of 20 units, four one bedroom, two, two bedroom and four, three bedroom units. The other site required to meet our original Third Round number is an almost 12 four acre site on Route 130 which the Township 13 purchased last year.

Sometimes, the process of developing affordable housing is difficult because everyone is concerned for their own property values as well as the impact on the

The reason CHA took on the task of developing the housing to meet the court mandated Mount Laurel requirements was to provide the necessary affordable housing, but also to take it out of government control and reduce costs, and take it away from private developers so that we could develop it to meet

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16 units, using a similar design to the previous projects on Bergen Drive, Danser Drive and South Main Street. The compatible design of two, one and two bedroom units and five unit buildings, as well as three duplex buildings, were repeated. All of the units are owned by CHA and are rented to qualified low and moderate income families.

The Parkside project consists of

The Pin Oak project, one of the original affordable housing projects undertaken by CHA in the early 1960's, had been renovated twice but it was demolished at this time and the residents moved to the Parkside project. The original migrant farm workers' camp finally outlived its use as a viable site for housing.

In 2004, COAH revised the rules for providing affordable housing. Mary Beth Lonergan will talk a little bit about the Third Round rules.

Third Round rules discussed a Fair 22 Share concept. Under that concept, when we submitted our Third Round plan in November of 2005, it outlined and anticipated a 160 unit

24 requirement. Of that 80 is proposed to be

17 1 2 the true needs and interests of the residents 3 of Cranbury.

Our guided principles have remained the same: Integrate affordable housing throughout the community, design and construct quality buildings to be compatible with their neighbors, and provide a high level of maintenance to maintain the quality of our developments,

For the Round 1 and Round 2 12 projects, CHA has developed them without the use of any local taxpayer funds. We have accomplished this by obtaining grants and mortgages from various states and federal agencies, and mortgages and loans from local banks and money from the Township's Affordable Housing Trust Fund.

This is a method where Cranbury receives a contribution from developers as they construct residential and commercial buildings in Cranbury. The proceeds from this fund are then used to defray expenses for affordable housing.

We have provided a hand-out

20 18 1 1 That was really a key change from 2 listing the projects that I have just described 2 as well as pictures of the projects. All of 3 the first two rounds where the Council on 4 Affordable Housing, COAH, had assigned each 4 the rental projects that CHA owns are currently municipality, as Mark had said, an affordable 5 5 occupied and there is a long waiting list. 6 housing obligation. 6 I would like to remind everyone 7 The key change in the Third Round 7 that CHA is a volunteer organization. We have 8 was this Growth Share concept. That concept a 12 member Board of Directors that meets on a 8 9 was, as you grow both residentially. 9 monthly basis and makes policy decisions in maintaining or developing affordable housing. 10 10 non-residentially, you provide affordable We have a property manager who manages our 11 housing. 11 12 As Mark had noted, the Township housing on a day-to-day basis. 12 13 13 As a small advertisement, our had done its own analysis of what the 14 general membership is open for all and for 14 anticipated, what was its growth and put 15 those that are interested our membership 15 together a plan for 160 affordable units. 16 application was available with the hand-outs. 16 Now, that plan was put in place to 17 If anyone wants to see a little 17 address COAH's regulations adopted December 18 bit more about the history and read it, we have 18 '04. Those regulations were subsequently 19 19 a website, Cranbury Housing dot org which is overturned, key portions of them were 20 free for everone to look at. Thank you. 20 overturned by the Appellate Court. COAH has 21 MR. STOUT: I will introduce Mary 21 recently proposed on June 22 of this year Beth. Senator Bill Baroni just walked in the 22 22 revised Third Round regulations. And the key 23 23 point for that is the overall state-widening room. 24 MS. LONERGAN: Good evening, 24 has increased, more than doubled from the 2004 everyone. My name is Mary Beth Lonergan. I'm 25 Third Round regulations. 19 1 21 a Senior Associate with the Clarke Caton Hintz 2 COAH's consultants said there's an 3 architectural firm in West Trenton. 3 overall state-wide need of 53,000 affordable 4 units, and the revised regulations that extend Mark did a great job really 4 5 bringing us right on up to today's date. 5 out the Third Round period from a period of 6 I'll start again. Maybe some of 6 2004 to 2014 extend it out to 2018. But you didn't hear me. I'm a Senior Associate and 7 unfortunately, they have more than doubled the R a New Jersey Licensed Planner in New Jersey. В affordable housing state-wide need to 115,000. 9 I'm with the firm of Clark Caton Hintz. We are 9 Just, conceptually, what many 10 affordable housing consultants. 10 consultants assumed would be that each 11 Mark did a great job really municipality's obligation may at most double. 11 12 bringing the discussion right on up to the 12 What's happened is there's a 13 current time. 13 disconnect between what COAH has assigned 14 I'm going to Jump right into the 14 Cranbury as its projected residential and 15 issues. I'm going to give you a little 15 non-residential growth, and I'm going to go 16 background on the Third Round rules but really over that in one second. 16 17 I would like to bring the attention in a few 17 In the 2004 rules, COAH had 18 minutes right to the main point why we are 18 analyzed Cranbury's growth potential as a total 19 here 19 of 690 residential units and 1700 total jobs 20 As you know, COAH's regulations 20 resulting in a growth share of 148 affordable

units. The Township, as I said, prepared its

plan. The Township reduced that residential

anticipate growing residentially by 155 units.

The jobs were more than the 1700

growth from 690 and said, you know, we

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21 for the Third Round, many of you I know were

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obligation.

part of the Third Round plan preparation in

2005 when the community came together and put a

plan in to address the Township's Growth Share

22 figure. It was up to 3500 jobs resulting in a 2 3 total growth share of 160.

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In COAH's current proposed rules, they are assigning a growth projection's residential units of 193 residential units and a total of 1800 jobs.

On the face of it, those numbers are not problematic. They result in a Third Round growth share of 156 units which is consistent with your 2005 adopted plan of 160 units. Where the disconnect comes from is the warehouse job generation ratio, where instead 14 of jobs coming from warehouses of in '04 rules, 15 it was a point two job generation ratio per one 16 thousand square feet of warehouse space, it now was increased literally 750 percent to 1.5 jobs per one thousand square feet.

And just on the known warehouse construction either built or approved already, that would generate, that would change the job figures from literally generating a thousand jobs, that would translate into 40 affordable homes, that would translate that to seven thousand jobs in the same square footage and

2 or retroactive, the COAH's rules.

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3 COHA has its Third Round period from 2004 to 2018. These rules as just 4 5 proposed in 2008, they would almost double the 6 Third Round affordable Housing obligation from 7 the 2004 rules. So instead of one affordable unit for every 25 jobs, it is one affordable 8 unit for every 16 jobs. And the same with 9 10 housing, one affordable unit, it had been for 11 eight homes and one affordable unit now for 12 every four market rate homes.

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The key for Cranbury is the 14 non-residential and the COAH rules would take 15 this new affordable housing generation ratio and apply it all the way back to January first, 2004 for any Certificates of Occupancy coming on line in any development having been approved 19 potentially even before '04 and coming on line 20 after January first, '04.

21 That is just on the warehouse 22 situation with Cranbury, knowing that there's 23 five million square feet of warehousing either 24 built or approved without this new 20 percent, 25 I'm sorry, without this knew ratio for

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469 affordable units. So it's a 750 percent increase in the job generation and then an additional increase in the affordable housing obligation of over a thousand percent.

The warehouse situation is the main issue at hand for Cranbury Township and our office is working with the Township Affordable Housing Subcommittee and preparing objections to COAH's regulations.

That's the main issue of concern, 12 just the unrealistic nature of this tremendous increase in the Jobs anticipated from 14 warehousing.

Cranbury, and other of our clients 16 that have a high warehouse concentration such 17 as South Brunswick and Florence Township, we 18 are also working with your neighbor 19 Robbinsville down in Mercer County, we have 20 done a study to refute COAH's job generation analysis of warehousing, and that would be made public later on this week.

The other main issue in it, to 24 really just bring this discussion to the focus 25 of Cranbury, is the retroactivity of COAH rules

25 non-residential jobs, that that, in and of 3 itself, would create a 429 unit shortfall.

If you remember, that five million 4 5 square feet would have generated 40 affordable 6 units. Now it is generating 469 affordable 7 units. That difference of 429, just of what's 8 known, that could cost the township up to even 9 63 million dollars to be able to fund that shortfall. 10

These are the two key issues, the warehouse rate being unrealistic and the retroactive nature of the rules.

Really, I think that's the key 15 point and we are at the stage of what are the next steps. Just the COAH's regulations are still in proposed form, and the common period 18 would be over this Saturday, March 22, and that's what our firm is working for with the Township Committee and the Mayor to prepare objections on behalf of the township on those 22 two main points. Thank you.

MR. STOUT: Thank you for your patience. We are going to get to the public in just a couple of moments.

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We actually bonded out money and started building more affordable houses. As Mary Beth said, the rules changed. In that change in rules what's key, they rest in time. We don't have the ability to get funding for that proposal to reach back in time, that 63 12 million dollars is sitting in our collective 13 laps, if it were to go forward.

The second was the formula they 15 used to do the job generation. We have undertaken with her firm a study to get real data, to get real facts about what kind of job generation there is.

What can you do? We gave you some 20 names and addresses. Besides speaking tonight 21 and bringing out your ideas, you can contact 22 affordable housing groups, COAH and make 23 specific comments about the rules and those 24 would be the two issues pretty much we have 25 brought up tonight.

2 question.

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I have a tiny amount of, at least, 3 potentially good news. It doesn't sound like a 4 promise. What I did today, knowing I was 5 coming to the meeting, I put a call through to 6 Lucy Berholdt. She's the state person, the 7 8 head of COHA. I asked her what is going on, 9 what's the latest. She was totally aware of 10 the Cranbury situation, and a few other 11 situations I talked to her about as well. That 12 was a good sign. She knew everything that was 13 going on and she seemed to say to me that they 14 were definitely going to look at the Cranbury 15 numbers. They were aware of this warehouse Issue as being a problem and that they were 17 thinking in terms of lowering the requirement 18 here. 19

Now, the way she explained it to me, she was thinking in terms of the difference between distribution centers and warehouses.

She said some think the buildings here are distribution centers, some think they are warehouses. The more chance they are warehouses, the more sense there wouldn't be

You can also, this is my way of introducing them, our representative are here tonight. You can certainly contact them, I'm sure they would love to get more mail from Cranbury.

Linda Greenstein and Bill Baroni wanted to make some comments as well.

MS. GREENSTEIN: Thank you, 1 10 have never seen a meeting quite as big as this one, I think, certainly, not in a town this size, and it just underscores how important this issue is.

I'm glad that you're having a meeting. We are going to hear what your comments are.

I do want to tell you this issue 18 of affordable housing is one that we have been hearing about for a long time. Your town is 20 one of the ones that has done a very good job. 21 In fact, a few of the towns in this area have 22 done a very good job providing the housing. 23 It's very disconcerting to start hearing these 24 very high numbers that are clearly very

25 unrealistic for a town of this size, there's no

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2 any jobs there. I'm not sure if that's the way 3 to look at this. I'm sure your consultant will deal with this issue, whether it's a 5 distribution center. Definitely, if it's a 6 distribution center, even if it's a warehouse. 7 they are automated today. It's not that if there are a distribution center, there are a 9 lot of jobs and a warehouse, no jobs. These 10 tend to be automated.

I believe the ones in this area 12 probably are. I'm not sure there are that many 13 jobs either way.

I think that's what is really important here, to make the argument there aren't that many jobs going on In those buildings as much as possible. She seems totally aware of that. She seems sympathetic to that.

It is my impression they are going to be looking in terms of lowering the numbers, as for these issues of RCAs, which I guess you'll talk about, the requirements for towns like this and others can give away some of their allotment.

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I think it is a shame you should 10 even be in a position to have to give units away because it means they are putting high numbers on you, probably unreasonable and unrealistic. I think that whole issue has to really be closely examined.

I'm glad to have Senator Baroni with me today, we are working very closely, and also Assemblyman Wayne DeAngelo couldn't be here this evening. We will be anxious to hear from all of you and work closely with you and all your good Council people and consultants to try to make sure that this problem does not develop.

23 We'll look forward to working with 24 you. Thank you.

AUDIENCE MEMBER: Do you oppose

2 Do I oppose Speaker Robert's proposals with 3 regard to RCAs.

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4 There was an important line 5 mentioned a few seconds ago about how they 6 shifted the state-wide need. Probably 7 everybody in this room agrees we all bear moral 8 responsibility for affordable housing. 9 However, listen to what happened. They changed 10 the big number so they changed the number of 11 affordable housing units, the state policymakers, and sort of worked backwards and 12

said if we need to reach this number, how do we 13 14 get to that number. You adjust the formula.

15 That's what has happened.

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Because of that we are here tonight and because of it, you heard this dramatic shift in the responsibility based on warehousing. They did the change not because all of a sudden, they realized, "Oh, my gosh, 21 for the first time in world history warehouses 22 are developing a shocking number of jobs." It is they need to get a bigger, higher number. That's dumb public policy. It's not how you do public policy.

31 1 2 Speaker Robert's proposal with regard to RCA's? 3 MR. STOUT: I appreciate you have 4 a question. We have to do this in a certain 5 way. Let them speak. We'll open it up for 6 public comment. I know there's a lot of people

here, a lot of emotion, a lot of righteous indignation. All of it's welcome. We have to be able to control.

SENATOR BARONI: I can answer that. The way things are now, no, I do not, I don't think most of the towns in the Fourteenth District would be happy with that situation.

I think the entire way things are 15 done really does need to be looked at. I think it is a mess. They are putting too much pressure on the towns to provide more units than they can.

First of all, Happy St. Patrick's 20 Day, I often spend St. Patrick's day in a room with a large number of people. Something is missing. Maybe next time we have a town meeting -- school rules.

24 in seriousness, I'm going to 25 answer your question. The question was this:

What do we do about it? You heard the Mayor who is absolutely correct, oftentimes, we are in a comment period, COAH puts the rules out, by state law they have to open it up to the public for commentary.

The League of Municipalities Planning Boards, interested developers are all writing these letters to COAH. You can too. There's really three steps in this

10 11 process. The first step is communication with COAH during this regulatory comment period. 12 13 Committees are doing it. Mayors are doing it. 14 You need to do it.

The question is what's the message. 'Dear COAH: We have done our bit. We have played by the rules."

Cranbury, Plainsboro, the rules have been laid out. You heard the presentation. Cranbury has been one of those model communities since one of the beginnings of the Fair Housing Act, I was 12 when it passed, and has done everything right.

The message is don't change the rules just to fulfill a number that doesn't

have a link to what is actually happening in Cranbury and lots of other towns in New Jersey. 4 Second, my colleague, 5 Assemblywoman Greenstein, mentioned after this 6 comment period closes, COAH will take into 7 account the comments from all the state and 8 take into account efforts by legislators and 9 policymakers. This is not reality. This is 10 not acceptable. 11 I have had a number of 12 conversations with the Commissioner of the 13 Department of Community Affairs. There is a distinct disconnect between what the 14 15 policymakers with the pencils down in Trenton are saying and what's happening on the ground 17 in towns all over New Jersey. This is not

You can't impose on a community like Cranbury, and a number of other towns, the number of units. It changes the character of the community fundamentally.

23 The third step, if necessary, one, COAH is powerful. Obviously, they are a 24 regulatory entity. I'm teaching this at Seton

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reality.

36 1 2 allow a regulatory idea to change the 3 fundamental character of towns like Cranbury. 4 New Jersey. We are going to fight everyday. 5 MR. STOUT: Thank you, both of 6 you, very well-spoken, very well said. 7 Obviously, the applause gives you 8 some endorsement for your ideas. 9

Again, those are ideas. We need to act on those ideas as a community, as neighbors, as friends, as residents to move this forward.

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13 We are going to open this up for 14 public comment. I've got to set a couple 15 ground rules. I apologize there's not a lot of 16 seats. I apologize the lighting is really bad. 17 It is getting hot in here. But what we do for 18 public comment, we'll raise your hand. When 19 you're acknowledged, come forth, use this 20 microphone and state your name and spell it for 21 the record, as well as your address.

Try to keep these short. Try to keep these on point. We want to hear from as many people as we can. We want the ideas to bring out new things we should consider as we

35 2 Hall Law School this semester. In the end, the 3 legislature can just fix it, if necessary, 4 we'll just introduce legislation to tell COAH 5 they are wrong.

I think we can avoid that by a lot of comments and commentary to COAH because, some of you may remember a few years ago, back in 2004, there was a proposal, single school, school district. They, periodically, once in a while, these things, there really are some people out there who want to change the nature of small town New Jersey. We have to do everything we can to make sure we don't become one really, really big suburb.

We have got to maintain the quality of our small towns. Affordable housing is a moral responsibility. But it's not a 19 moral responsibility to fundamentally change 20 the character of our state.

21 Proposals like this, this proposal 22 through COAH will do that. Linda, myself, the 23 Mayor has been not just here in Cranbury, by 24 doing it down in Trenton, we are working with 25 you everyday and work tirelessly and will not

1 37 2 move forward and basically, with the process 3 that our representatives have outlined. 4 MR. VENANZI; Paul Venanzi. I

5 feel uniquely qualified to make a speech here. 6 I am your worse nightmare. I am the person who 7 runs the IDCs, that's the distribution centers 8 in Cranbury.

9 I work for Home Depot. We have 10 two distribution centers, not warehouses, two 11 warehouses of 890,000 square feet each. That 12 gives us approximately two million square feet 13 of the five million square feet you are talking 14 about.

15 I also am very well acquainted 16 with Volkswagen. They are nine hundred 17 thousand square feet. That gives us more than 50 percent of the square footage in Cranbury 18 19 that we are talking about. 20

The question came up as to old versus new technology. That's a good point. We have a warehouse that's old technology. It was built in 1974. It was built by Firestone. It was a warehouse for tires. We retrofitted that. We still run it like a 1974 warehouse.

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1 38 1 40 2 We also have a warehouse that is 2 thing, Not In My Back Yard, but we have some 3 the same size which was built back in 2004, so 3 basis for our suggestions and our comments. It certainly falls squarely into the new type 4 I think that would be very 5 5 helpful. of warehouse. 6 6 Both of these warehouses are That's all I have to say. 7 7 distribution centers. We have import product MR. STOUT: That was a good idea. 8 from around the world that comes in. We move 8 We do need to point in the same direction. 9 common facts to use. approximately six million dollars worth of 10 product through each warehouse each week. 10 MS. KELLY LEHMAN: Kelly Lehman, 60 Cranbury Neck Road. I'm the nut that's been This article in the newspaper made 11 11 12 plastering the flyers around town. I'm the nut 12 me do math. Anybody who knows me knows I hate that's been contacting you all. 13 13 to do math. 14 Number three, I just want to say 14 The math, that is flawed, and 15 should make it very simple. The numbers that 15 that last Wednesday, my husband came home from were calculated is for 1000 square feet equals the gym. He said, "I went to Dave Thompson. 16 16 17 1.5 employees. Let me address that. That's 17 Dave Thompson got a call from Tom Paconi. The 18 all I need to do today. 18 town has a meeting Monday night. We have a lot 19 19 of trouble in front of us. We have a huge Currently, if you take that 20 calculation, that would imply our warehouse, 20 developmental issue." 21 one full warehouse has 1275 employees. That 21 I think affordable housing is a 22 warehouse has 55 employees. 22 terrific cause. We need to keep doing it. The 23 The correct calculation for this 23 issue here is the over-development of the town 24 warehouse is 18,214 equals 1.5 employees. 24 can not handle it with the infrastructure the 25 Home Depot and I personally will 25 way we have it now. 1 2 give that information gladly to anybody on the 2 Having said this, the wheels Board that needs to have that. We can give the 3 started turning. We got the Mother's Club information on both locations. Between the two 4 4 involved, my girlfriends are involved. I had locations, we have approximately 125, 130 5 5 Mike googling every site known to man, what 6 6 employees. I could speak for Volkswagen other towns have been doing to get themselves 7 7 estimating they probably have less. out of the same iam. MR. STOUT: I think that makes the 8 8 At the end of the day, I realized 9 point where often policy doesn't equal reality. 9 number one, I would never, ever run for a Town 10 Sir, in the back. 10 Council position. Because nobody wants to 11 MR, MOUTENOT: Andre Moutenot, 3 11 really step up to the plate and do the extra Wynnewood Drive. 12 12 work. 13 My first thought was your slogan. 13 Everybody loves to point the 14 "We can do it. You can help." 14 finger and say why didn't we know about this 15 It is just a real quick comment. 15 sooner. 16 I think if we are asked to write to COAH, it 16 I have got laundry that wasn't 17 might be nice if we could have access to some 17 done. The kids missed birthday parties. My 18 of the information as it relates specifically 18 husband and I are ready for counseling. My 19 to the issues, especially some suggestion that 19 parents are ready to disown me. Four days of 20 there's substantial fact in regards to the 20 work for the town. I couldn't handle it. 21 warehouse and the population required based on 21 I have to say our leaders here square footage, that we can have what COAH has, 22 from the government level, Senator Bill Baroni 23 either maybe in the Cranbury website or some of 23 and Assemblywoman Linda Greenstein, you are 24 that information, so then when we do write our 24 like leaders at its best. At the eleventh hour 25 letters to COHA it is not just kind of a NIMBY 25 a tiny town calls you, it is St. Patrick's

you would like to leave your e-mail, I'll be

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obligation. We will have to build those one

residents know that's been done without

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exception?

the state's March 22nd deadline. Good Friday

25 is a State holiday. The 22nd is a Saturday.

50 52 1 1 2 I'm going to sound probably a 2 MR, STOUT: Come to our meeting on 3 Monday night. 3 little bit half informed. I'm probably going 4 MR. BRIAN DEVERIN: That's the 4 to sound like most people, maybe i didn't get 5 5 the shock, the headlines, 460 units based on 24th. 6 MR. STOUT: We can get together 5 COAH. We know what that's like handling 223 again and we can announce this is the proof. 7 7 units. Some of the preserved farmland was 8 MR, BRIAN DEVERIN: What I'm 8 going to be taken back by the State, that was 9 9 asking is how do you plan that letter is some of the shock, and set up for building some 10 drafted? You're going to vote on the 10 of these 469 units. resolution. You intend to deliver it to the 11 I understand that is rumor though. 11 12 State, correct? 12 My real question is specifically warehouse 13 MR. STOUT: Correct. 13 seems to be the generator of the problems. Mr. 14 14 MR. BRIAN DEVERIN: How do you Horanci is a great source for information on 15 intend to get it there? What have you 15 that. My assumption is you know on the 16 preplanned in order to meet that deadline? 16 Township Committee as well. That will be part 17 MR. STOUT: We will submit them 17 of the comments made and submitted. 18 electronically to the State and that gives us 18 I know comments can be submitted 19 until Saturday. We'll post our comments on our 19 and you used like a lot of petitions. This webpage for all of you to have 20 20 might be a Trishka question or Baroni and 21 MR. BRIAN DEVERIN: That will be Greenstein as well. 21 22 posted with those comments? 22 Warehouse formulas are way out of 23 MR. STOUT: No later than 23 wack. Let's say, they are way out of wack by 24 Saturday. 24 75 percent. Is it safe to say, at least based 25 MR. NICK KAFASIS: Nick Kafasis. 25 on history, we could have an issue 25 percent 51 1 1 53 2 29 Scottsdale Court. I have lived here 20 2 of the numbers being offered, or do you feel 3 years. I'm getting past the newcomer stage. 3 there might be an inability to eliminate the 4 My question is if all of these got 4 COAH formula as we see the changes now for 5 approved, don't boo, not yet, where would they 5 Round Three, or is it based, specifically, on 6 the number of letters being sent or class 6 be built? Is it conceivable that the State 7 action suits similar to South Brunswick or 7 could take farmland, preserved land and change the rules on that? Is that possible? 8 Florence or Robbinsville? 8 9 MR. STOUT: I don't know that it MR. STOUT: That legally is deed 9 10 is an answerable question. It's purely restricted land. I can't say they can't do 10 speculative given what's transpired. I would 11 anything they want. But legally, it is deed 11 12 hate to speculate and have these people believe 12 restricted land. in something that's the wrong picture. All we MR. KAFASIS: Where is the land 13 13 know is what we have in 2004 and we are here in that we are going to build 50 of them on? 14 14 AUDIENCE: Dey Road. 15 early 2008, it changes seven hundred something 15 MR. STOUT: I don't know that the 16 percent. 16 concept of space is really where we should be 17 17 MR. COOK; Is litigation an 18 option? 18 focusing. They will find space. That's not 19 the issue we want to get into. 19 MR. STOUT: It's always an option. 20 20 MR. COOK: Dave Cook, 143 North MR, COOK; That's an option we 21 21 Main Street. have. 22 22 MR. STOUT: It's the last option I thank Mr. Berkowsky for his job 23 on the CHA and the CHA organization. 23 but it's certainly an option. 24 Great job and a moral and 24 MR. COOK: As long as all options 25 25 political agenda as well, great job. are on the table.

14 (Pages 50 to 53)

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TOTAL TO ALL KNOW CIBILDUTY IS A SITIAL LOWIL.

1 54 1 I feel like we are being dictated 2 MR. CODY: Wayne Cody. All the 2 3 to by people that have no interest in our 3 speakers are doing a job keeping us up-to-date. community. 4 4 A couple things I want to comment on. I saw 5 MR. STOUT: Thank you, I don't 5 the draft letter that made some good points. 6 have an answer to that. I don't know if you 6 I'm wondering can it be stronger? 7 wish to reply, you don't have to. The 7 I have looked at the Google and 8 Constitutional amendment for the state, that's 8 what other towns are doing. I saw Princeton 9 certainly something that is your opinion, 9 saying we are going to consider dropping out of 10 COHA. I don't know exactly what that means. probably the opinion of a lot of people in this 10 11 room right now. "Forget it, COAH, we don't go by these rules. 11 12 I would encourage you still to We are going to drop out. Let the courts 12 write those comments which I'm sure a lot of 13 13 decide." 14 you will do. 14 I don't know, is that a 15 Sir in the back. 15 practicality? 16 MR, FOX: Kevin Fox, 19 Liedtke The other comment is everybody 16 sends letters to COAH, the legislature, that's 17 Drive. 17 great. One other person no one mentioned, Bill 18 I have two questions, how did COAH 18 19 mentioned, they are trying to change the nature 19 come up with doubling the amount of number of the small towns in New Jersey, not just ours 20 units needed? Who are they answering to, where 21 but others. 21 the numbers come to, in a depressed housing 22 One person I see as doing it, the 22 market and the economy going south, you, 23 suddenly, we need twice as many places? 23 governor. Maybe we should write letters to the 24 governor, what are you doing. Encourage people The second is we all want to write 25 letters. We all know Cranbury is a small town, 25 to send letters to the governor as well. 55 1 1 2 MR. STOUT: I know there's a 2 That's what makes it great. How does a small 3 3 town with a few number of people get a lot of guestion there, I can't remember what it was. 4 The draft letter needs to be 4 attention? We are not that many votes. 5 5 stronger, the comment about Princeton, I don't That's it 6 know Princeton has the same situation that 6 MR. STOUT: I would answer the 7 development life cycle that we are in. They 7 first one. Senator Baroni answered it. We 8 8 have a few more resources than us. can't find the basis, other than some policy 9 Lastly, what that invites is, I 9 things that were said. So 53,000 was a nice target. We like 115,000 better. Let's find a 10 think anyone has been here, as Mr. Berkowsky 10 11 said, 20 years ago, that invites that certain 11 way to back our way into it. 12 type of remedy we don't want to be looking at 12 That seems to be the reality of 13 at all. 13 the situation. 14 MR, FROHBIETER: Jack Frohbieter, 14 As to meaningfulness of our 15 The thing I would like to say, it is important 15 comments, as I opened up earlier tonight, this that we all write the letters and send the 16 town faced similar consequences in the modern 17 e-mails, including to the governor, but I think 17 times, we are talking about with a landfill 18 we all have to recognize this process is 18 situation that was to be sited here. This 19 broken. small town rallied behind it and defeated that. 19 20 We are at Round Three. A few 20 COHA in Round One, as you heard 21 years we will be at Round Four and Round Five 21 Mr. Berkowsky, we faced similar Draconian and Round Six, and I think the only solution to 22 situations. We rised up and had our voices this is a Constitutional amendment that gets 23

I believe we'll be heard, I got

25 some degree of solace in the comments that our

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24 this off of our backs in the form that it is in

25 and be put into something we have control over.

58 legislators made with the head of COHA and

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where this may go, at this point.

MR. STEWART: Jason Stewart, 6 Kimberly Court. It's come up again and again.

I have great faith, from everything I have heard, in what the Township is doing to try to address. The specific, practical next steps as far as COHA, I'm concerned this is the latest in an ongoing series of challenges to our life as a small town.

I feel where we are failing miserably is in the public relations forum. I 14 have seen article after article in the Star Ledger in an an editorial comment from the 16 managing editor of the Cranbury Press 17 supporting the idea that larger is better, that 18 we get more efficiency out of larger. 19

The facts just speak exactly to the opposite. We get something like five percent of our funding from the state. Now zero. It was five, now it is zero.

We subsidized the state. We 25 subsidize the larger townships. If you look at for the comments on efficiency.

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If you go back, Cranbury over 3 time, look at the history of this town, it's 4 always been a fiscally responsible town. It 5 never leverages itself greatly with debt. When 6 it uses debt, it uses it prudently for some 7 type of return on investment or long-term gain 8 in preserving life in an farmland. 9

This is one venue to get the messages out, writing letters to the editor. I'm not a reporter. I don't know how to to get into the newspapers.

One comment again, this week I'm going to Trenton to sit with the head of the 15 Department of Community Affairs with COAH 16 houses. We'll disucss this Issue with them. 17 Monday night we'll have the ability to report 18 19 back what I learned in what I imagine will be a 20 short meeting.

MR. STANNARD: Bringing farmland 22 out of farmland to build units, in every transaction we tried to retire development rights from property, we have been told it's impossible to bring it back out, once it's been

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the larger townships, that should be models for what we are supposed to be merging into, according to the governor, according to the State Assembly Speaker, they have a much larger 5 percentage of support from the state. When you look in a global basis, our tax dollars in Cranbury are subsidizing larger townships. I don't see that in the Star Ledger. I don't see 10 that reflected that way in the Cranbury Press, let alone in the bigger debate. 11

I'd like to know what we can do 13 practically, not to write our State Assemblymen 14 and governor, but what can we do to start countering the perception that's so easy but wrong among the public that somehow smaller is less efficient.

I think we are a model. If you 29 look at the tax basis, we are, according to the 20 Star Ledger, fourth in all of the state, we are the fourth most efficient in terms of household 22 income and tax burden. We are a model of 23 everything that is right. We need to be saying 24 that, seeing that in the public press.

MR. STOUT: Thank you particularly

preserved.

I think our lawyer will back us up whether or not impossible means it never can happen, no one can make guarantees. That isn't something somebody would start with. It would 7 be a difficult task.

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The second thing, talk about smaller is better, Cranbury, there are any number of areas where Cranbury already does a lot of things with other towns. We have 12 contracts with other towns to do things for us so we don't have to pay near the money.

We don't collect our own speeding 15 tickets. Why? It's not economical to do so. 16 Plainsboro does that. We could not make a dime 17 if we took it back ourselves.

We send our students to high school in Princeton. Why? Because a high school of our own wouldn't be economical.

We have a 911 agreement with Hightstown. Why? We couldn't afford to do it ourselves.

Our sewers are cleaned by Monroe. We have a contract with them. Why? They have

64 62 1 2 equipment. They have expertise. If we tried 2 in the state plan, one of the core foundation to do it, it would leak. We have a lot more. 3 of smart growth is a form of development. If 3 4 you have a trained eye in the planning We send our effluents up the river to South 4 5 profession, you see signs of success, from a Brunswick. Why? Because we couldn't afford to 5 6 planning standpoint, you see volunteerism. You 6 do it ourselves. It's cheaper to have somebody 7 see physical activity. It's a pleasure to walk 7 do it. 8 8 my children to school in this town. You see Those are a handful of areas we 9 have contracts with other towns to do things we 9 civic engagement as evidenced here. 10 could not do economically we are already doing. 10 I could go on and on but downtown The only thing we have left is our grammar 11 having open spaces for passive active 11 12 school and good name. I don't think we need to 12 recreation, these are tenets of smart growth. 13 Pick up the state plan. You'll 13 be sending that up the river either. MR, STOUT: Sir. 14 see these principles throughout. 14 15 15 MR. SCHILLING: Ryan Schilling, 12 Secondly, this proposal flies in 16 Holmes Road. 16 the face of smart growth. The idea of smart I sit on the Farmland Preservation 17 growth, you channel development where you can 17 18 based on existing and well-planned out 18 Committee two years. We have had the property, 1600 properties. There hasn't been a precedent 19 infrastructure. 19 for breaking that easement. God forbid, it 20 Reciprocally, you avoid 20 would undermine a billion dollar investment in 21 21 development in areas that can not accomodate it 22 22 the program, can't have it. or have rural resources you want to preserve. 23 23 The gentleman in the audience, I I haven't gotten all this down yet 24 24 was in the hall, he used a term NIMBY, Not In but my understanding is the majority of the town is designated in the state plan as rural 25 My Back Yard. This is clearly not an instance 25 1 63 1 65 2 of that, 2 or environmentally sensitive. The proofs in 3 My objection to this plan is based 3 the state have state-wide policy. This is 4 on the negative consequences that will surely 4 internally a contradiction. If we don't have 5 5 the infrastructure to accommodate the growth, follow. 6 Senator Baroni said, I work in 6 we have to build it. If we have to build it. 7 Trenton quite often, the buzz is that 7 we have to pay for it. In the end, it's not 8 policymaking is based on "sound science." 8 going to be more affordable, it will be less 9 9 fail to see the sound science. It is a formula 50. 10 10 of change, has no basis that I can understand. That's the opportunity to make the 11 I'll make three points to what I 11 statement. 12 see as a hypocrisy to this proposal. 12 MS. KONDRACKI: Kim Kondracki, 11 13 I moved in town recently, 20 13 Prospect Street. I'm a resident of Cranbury as 14 years. I'm nowhere near being accepted as a 14 well. Just to organize some people with their 15 15 life-long Cranbury resident. I moved into this comments to the various legislative entities, 16 town because Cranbury got it right. Without 16 we only have a couple days to comment on COAH, 17 getting academic, I work at Rutgers. 17 so I would urge people to get their letters in 18 Basically, in the academic literature of 18 to COAH. First focus on that. 19 planning, there's a term 'new urbanism 19 While COAH is reviewing all the 20 neoclassic planning*. 20 comments, we can bombard the governor. 21 It says responsible, complex mixed 21 Everybody can write a letter. We can write 22 22 used development at a great scale. That's what five letters. 23 Cranbury is. There's a lot of hypocrisy in 23 If you're going to do something, 24 this plan. 24 go to COAH first, go to the governor second.

There are things we can do to get

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One of the state-wide principles

principal issues that hit us the hardest. We

want to be sure everyone, we all walk out of

here and have a common understanding of those

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started out saving our strategy was two-fold.

retroactive nature of the rules were unjust or

that the rates were unrealistic and that the

70 72 1 1 2 2 passed. Presidents who should not were elected two things. 3 3 At the end of the day, those are and got into office, and forgive me if I'm 4 two things that can destroy us and bankrupt us. 4 suspicious how these are handled. 5 5 To me, those are the two most significant I'm listening as a business owner, 6 things. 6 watching movies, you always follow the money. 7 7 Everything you say is appropriate, Sounds to me like the people who are really 8 benefiting are developers. Developers would 8 We need to refine our strategy. g The man brought up public 9 come in and build 460 properties, get paid. We 10 are forced to pay them, then they leave. 10 relations. That's something that could be 11 They leave whatever they have left 11 done. Other elements are being brought up 12 behind. 12 tonight. The letter you read is a draft 13 My question is might be, forgive 13 resolution. It sets the stage for the township to submit its comments and basically, be able 14 me if I'm wrong, I have heard if we protest 14 to adopt them up until the last minute. this, there is a possibility of developers 15 15 MR. DEVERIN: The Senator 16 could actually sue us for not accepting this, 16 17 which feels like "A Civil Action". Have you 17 mentioned something unique to us, how we have in history complied with these things in the 18 seen that movie? 18 19 past, what about us is unique and how if 19 One of the favorite phrases from 20 the movie is, "Don't cock your arm if you are 20 there's a Board that makes these rules and 21 there's a community that has worked with them, 21 not going to throw the ball." 22 we should state that. We could like to 22 I wonder if Mr. Cook's 23 23 recommendation sounded a little extreme, might continue. Here's why they need to be modified. 24 MR. STOUT: Decent point. The 24 garner some more attention. Maybe we should 25 opening paragraph of our letter to the State is 25 have legal representation establish something 1 about Cranbury. It is about its plan, it's 2 which says not only writing these letters we 2 about the agrarian heritage and people who live 3 are very concerned but can we actually back 3 here and made commitments in Round One and Two, 4 that up with something that we'll, this is an Λ 5 5 dug into their own pockets to pay for these actual town, we'll fight. I would fight 6 things and they started doing it again in Round financially to keep it the way it is. 7 Three, and now they are going to be asked to 7 It just worries me because it 8 8 dig into their children's pockets and feels like this increase idea of these jobs is q ٩ grandchildren's pockets and anyone's pockets about the money that is going to be made for 10 who are walking down the street. 10 the developers and their lobby is so powerful, I think of all the wonderful, eloquent letters. 11 MS. WATNER: Betty Watner, 158 N. 11 12 Main Street. 12 I don't know how they will stand against that. 13 The Historical Society voted 13 That's my comment. 14 unanimously to write a letter to the COAH and 14 MR. STOUT: I'm not an attorney. 15 other organizations in protest of what has been 15 My experience in commenting on rules is that 16 going on. unless you establish something in the record on 17 Needless to say, our society has 17 a rule, you won't really have a basis for a 18 been in there fighting over many years and you 18 lawsuit if the rule goes through. The process 19 may be sure we shall continue to do that. You 19 we are going through is critical to being able 20 20 can always count on us to defend historic to do, hopefully, we'll never get there but 21 landmarks. 21 what you suggested. We don't have ground rules 22 MR. KONDRACKI: Mark Kondracki, 11 22 established in our comments. We really have no 23 Prospect. 23 basis to litigate for the future. 24 My wife talked before. I don't 24 There's a reason we are 25 think I was born when the Fair Housing Act was 25 approaching it this way.

74 76 1 1 2 MRS FOX: Lynne Fox, 19 Liedtke 2 problems with the State agency. The true 3 3 Drive. source of our problems is actually the court 4 4 Two comments, earlier my husband system and the decisions it's made. We had 5 asked about who COAH answers to. The gentleman 5 actually satisfied and plan to satisfy the 6 who was just up here also brings in a point to Round Three requirements as they were initially 7 bear. I think it is important that we find out 7 presented to us. And that was overturned in 8 the courts. who COAH's answering to, where is their 8 9 inspiration coming from, so to speak. It is 9 I have a question for our two not enough to say reactively how we are dealing 10 representatives. Is there any way that we 10 with them. We need to know who is buttering 11 could get the courts out of the picture and 11 their pockets, where they are coming from, what 12 allow for a rational planning process? 12 laws and litigation they are playing with. 13 I'm afraid somebody said earlier 13 14 14 Once you know the rules, you can it would involve clarifying what is meant by 15 general welfare, the zoning portion of the break the rules. If they are giving us rules, 15 16 If we understand the rules they are playing 16 State Constitution. 17 against, we have better information to battle Is there any chance that could be 17 18 18 them with, point one. done or given some of the judges, one would 19 19 Point two, while everyone is here, argue, have a pretty wild interpretation of 20 20 I'm very excited about the notion of a that phrase, are any of them up for 21 proactive PR approach to all Cranbury does 21 reappointment and can we do something about 22 well. Earlier, it was mentioned in 2004 we 22 that? dodged the bullet of being consolidated but 23 SENATOR BARONI: Thanks for the 23 24 that's not over, as far as I understand. 24 easy question. 25 25 Litigation is in play to continue to Your question about, look, Mount 77 1 75 1 consolidate our schools and everyone here has 2 Laurel was a decision of the Supreme Court back 2 3 in '74, something like that. That found in the 3 to be cognizant, nicely said here tonight, all 4 State Constitution a right to affordable 4 the things we do for shared services. One 5 5 thing I'm not interested in is sharing our housing. It's not there. You can't go look it 6 6 school. up and say Section 17, look, there's the 7 7 affordable housing clause. It's not there but This school, this community, 8 that's the heart of what we do. That's why we 8 the Supreme Court of New Jersey and every ٩ 9 moved here. Supreme Court subsequent to that decision has 10 10 What our kids get in Cranbury, I'm consistently upheld this. 11 in the business of education, you don't find 11 The Fair Housing Act, as you heard terribly well presented before, is sort of the 12 anywhere else. Don't let us sleep on that 12 13 issue. It's not gone. Litigation is in play 13 implementing of that. 14 14 to cut spending, to cut funding from all small COAH has taken that even further. 15 towns to insure that we consoldate so all of 15 But Linda and I both represent West Windsor. 16 this has to be packaged. 16 Someone a few minutes ago mentioned the 17 I'm interested to do, when you're 17 Builder's Remedy. They upheld the Builder's 18 going forward actively, if that comes to bear, 18 Remedy and that is nationwide an extraordinary 19 It's a full package not just against COAH, it's 19 remedy where you allow a private actor, in this 20 against everything so we don't lose our school 20 case, a builder, to enforce a Constitutional 21 as well. 21 section. 22 MR. STOUT: Mr. Ritter. 22 As someone who has argued before 23 MR, RITTER: John Ritter, 101 23 the Supreme Court and lost more than once, it 24 Plainsboro Road. 24 is impossible. This is a court, quite frankly, 25 We have been talking about our 25 I also practice and teach Education Law. The

78 1 80 1 2 2 Supreme Court State Constitution says their own Yes, we have this court decision in place. It is really how it's carried out 3 efficient section of public education, children 3 that's the issue here. 4 starting at age five. The Supreme Court read Δ 5 5 There's the idea of providing it at age three. 6 affordable housing which is something most This is, the Supreme Court 6 7 believes it to be above the state legislature 7 people would agree with, but the Devil is in and above the governor. The more important 8 the details. 8 9 question, what can you do. One is amend the 9 As we both said earlier, you have 10 Constitution. 10 done a great job and so have some of the other towns around here, but they are wanting you to Someone mentioned that before. 11 11 12 There are proposals to amend the Constitution 12 do a greater lob, and they are going too far on Mount Laurel and clarify the responsibility. 13 with it, in my opinion, they are going too far. 13 14 Second is Justices on the Supreme The numbers are too big, too 14 Court, the next one doesn't come up for 15 unrealistic. 15 retention until 2009, Justice Long. 16 The key here is how the 16 I sit on the Judiciary Committee. 17 bureaucrats are carrying it out, even more than 17 what the courts originally did. 18 I have been a Senator for two months. I can 18 tell you we have fought like crazy and never 19 But the courts in New Jersey, 19 seen before judges appointed who don't believe 20 there's no question they are willing to go 20 in reading the Constitution for what it says. 21 pretty far, more than most of the courts around 21 22 the country. 22 We are going to continue to do 23 that, We'll continue the fight on that issue. 23 In this one, what we have to do is In a larger sense, Supreme Courts 24 24 focus on the people carrying it out and look at 25 or Constitutional Amendments are very, very the statutes and look at the regulations and 79 1 1 important. Obviously, the earliest they could 2 make sure that people will not go too far, as 2 go into effect is in November. COAH is a group 3 seems to be happening right now. 3 4 4 MR. STOUT: Thank you. The hour of unelected bureaucrats. They have never 5 stood before a voter. 5 is growing late. We'll stay here as long as 6 Someone said before how powerful 6 you want. Does anyone have a fresh comment or 7 7 can Cranbury be. Let me tell you. You voted question? 8 very smartly last November. 8 As people leave, I thank you for 9 9 In all seriousness, it's very coming out, everyone here, thank you. 10 10 MR. VALENTE: Agostino Valente, 1 powerful. The fact that on a Monday night in 11 March you had two or 300 people show up to go 11 Stockton Drive. 12 tell that story, that's amazing. 12 I'm looking at a few numbers. I 13 Linda has been, in November, going 13 figure we'll create five hundred jobs with the 14 on the ninth year and I have been in office 14 warehouses, all the warehouses, about five 15 five years. I have never attended a public 15 hundred. It is going to cost us sixty-eight 16 meeting like this before. Congratulations to million dollars. That's 156 thousand dollars a 17 you. 17 job, that's pretty good. That's five hundred 18 But to answer your question, you 18 square feet. 19 got to keep working on changing the Supreme 19 We are talking about another three 20 Court of New Jersey. 20 million. I don't think Cranbury could afford 21 ASSEMBLYWOMAN GREENSTEIN: I don't 21 to give those jobs, we don't have that kind of 22 have too much to add. 22 money. I don't know what to tell you. This is 23 I want to underscore the section 23 ridiculous. Only shame I have, I'm Canadian, Bill said about the unelected bureaucrat's 24 I can't vote for Senator Baroni. 24 25 court. 25 I do have one question though.

82 84 1 1 2 You keep mentioning what a great Job Cranbury 2 one and there are some others around the state, 3 does, how good we are. Are we too good? Are 3 certainly, highlight that and showcase that. 4 we soft? 4 think it is very good idea, for example, to use 5 You sit around a table and sav 5 the press in that regard to get it out there 6 Cranbury is good for another two hundred units. 6 that all small towns don't fit into a category 7 that we ought to do away with. And what I 7 Let's go after them. Do we need to be tougher? MR. STOUT: As you know it's 8 8 don't like is the idea that that's been put 9 into this budget. I don't like this approach 9 coming on my only being here 16 years, I 10 at all. 10 wouldn't pick a fight with this town. I think 11 Even if you think that 11 we are tough but we are tough because we need 12 consolidation is something to, at least, be to be. An issue like tonight, you got two or 12 13 looked at and studied, this approach of putting 300 to come out here and voice their opinion. 13 it into the State budget and saying to small 14 I wouldn't call us soft. 14 towns, You are going to be hit and you got to 15 ASSEMBLYWOMAN GREENSTEIN: You 15 do this, we are going to try to force you to do 16 were asking a question whether you're soft or 16 17 this and strongly encourage you in a very 17 not tough. I think you're doing just fine. If I can just tell you, there was a comment I did 18 negative way to do this," I think that approach 18 want to make, not specifically in direct 19 19 is a very bad approach to any kind of 20 consolidation, 20 response to that, but the whole issue of towns 21 21 getting together and consolidation and I know Jamesburg is very upset. 22 22 I'm sure most small towns around the state are regionalization. 23 23 I do personally think that this is upset about that approach, that kind of stick 24 something that the State should look at. I 24 approach, not a carrot approach but a stick 25 don't know the answer to some of the questions approach trying to force everybody to do 83 1 1 85 2 2 that have been posed about how much it will things, put everybody in the same category and 3 3 save. Will it save money? Are small towns say everybody is the same and everybody has the 4 much more efficient? I have no idea. 4 same situation, which is clearly not the case. 5 5 The reason I have no idea, none of Again, I think we have to fight 6 us have any idea is that we really haven't 6 for towns like this that are doing a very good 7 7 looked at this. That's the reason why when we job and say we can't paint all towns with the 8 had the special session last year, there was 8 same brush, that we just have to consolidate all the small towns. It is a very bad 9 talk of doing a commission that would at least, 9 10 1.0 in a voluntary sense, take a look at this and approach, a very bad approach. 11 talk to some of the towns and see what might be 11 MR. STOUT: Lagree. Basically, 12 done. 12 the recent situation decision by the state to 13 take away 135,000 in aid from us has no effect What I really respect about this 13 town, I'm so proud to represent you, I think 14 14 on the budget. Why? We have been fiscally 15 that you are very effective. 15 responsible for a very long time. MR. REILLEY: Bill Reiliey, 11 16 You are an example of a small town 16 that's really working that wants to remain Cranbury Neck Road, Cranbury. 17 17 18 small, that is willing to bear the burdens that 18 I'm not, I have only been here 19 come with that like a financial burden that 19 nine, 10 years. My wife grew up here. I'm

kind of a transplant in Cranbury but the key

thing here, Ms. Fox, you mentioned it, there

are things we can't let go of. We have to be

following them ourselves and making sure we

diligent and keep looking into them and

have our voice heard.

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you Cranbury.

you, obviously, face by doing that and you are

successful. And you want to keep your school.

I think we have to look for the

small towns that are doing very well like this

you want to keep all the qualities that make

88 86 1 Bringing up the schools as a total 2 If Cranbury had the right to go 2 part of any tool, you have to develop the 3 back to the developers and said, "Now, you have 3 4 to cough up more money," I don't think the tools, get the tools to do the job. If you dig 4 a hole, you need a shovel. 5 developers are going to be so anxious as some 5 6 people insinuated as being possibly the money 6 We haven't talked about, as part 7 7 behind this whole concept. Because that means of this housing, what effect it has on our every thousand square feet, instead of 8 schools. 9 Can that tool, can that actual end 9 developers paying X, they may have to pay 10 X. result pay if it's four hundred? We have to 10 Now, all of a sudden, it may not 10 become a viable thing to build a million square 11 11 really be careful not to panic. foot warehouse. 12 I have been in situations long 12 So I would ask our legislators to enough, we bring these up and it is kind of a 13 13 14 possibly consider that somehow any time 14 panic situation, but we work on it, we keep retroactive changes are imposed on the town, I 15 15 whittling away at it. think that there should be a law that the 16 If this comes to fruition, no 17 township should have the right to retroactively 17 matter what level, 25 percent or 100 percent of 18 recoup the losses. 18 what is being discussed, can the impact on the 19 Thank you, 19 schools be used as a tool to combat this 20 MR. STOUT: That would be that 63 20 decision? Or you know how they figure this to sixty-eight million number. Lots of zeros. 21 thing to avoid low income housing or is the 21 impact on the school already part of the 22 You aiready spoke once. 22 23 MS, LEHMAN: I called Dave Stout 23 calculation? 24 eight o'clock Sunday night. His wife says, 24 MR. STOUT: It certainly is "Kelly Lehman." He said, "How can I help you?" 25 something to be concerned about. It's 1 87 1 89 2 I said, Where else do you hear that, eight 2 certainly an issue that needs to be raised. p'clock?" 3 3 I think it is fair to say it would 4 Tom Panconi has been interrupted 4 have the reverse impact that we want on our 5 5 schools, moreover, it would be contrary, this on so many dinners by me. I wanted to thank 6 6 desire for consolidation and shared services, them. 7 7 MR. STEVENSON: Darryl Stevenson, we already have that. It works perfectly well 8 8 for what we need. Our relationship with 55 Cranbury Neck Road. 9 9 Princeton Township, that could go poof at any I'm a land use rover by trade, 10 time, given that set of circumstances. At 10 nineteen years up and down the Turnpike. I 11 least, that's my understanding. 11 negotiate COAH fees when I sell land to 12 MR. KALLAN: Richard Kallan, 10 12 developers, when somebody says to me go, back 13 Wyrnewood Drive, 13 to the developer once the fees are paid. I 14 One of the things no one 14 don't know any resource, unless somebody has a 15 discussed, somehow the State has the right to 15 better idea, does Cranbury have a contingency 16 make retroactive changes, which is bad enough 16 development plan? If your request is denied, 17 what development do you go to? If your request but to even make it worse, is that the township 17 18 doesn't have the right to make retroactive 18 is denied, what is your contingency plan for 19 demands on the developers. 19 development?

MR. STOUT: We are not even

looking at that yet. Litigation was one word

that was thrown about. We have to generate

sixty-eight million dollars and go build bricks

AUDIENCE: Can we drop out of

and mortar. That will take awhile to plan,

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For instance, when people don't

understand that for every thing built here

put in a position where they now have to

25 these proposed changes.

suddenly provide for housing as a result of

developers have to pay a fee. Cranbury gets

My second question is again

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housing. That got this whole process started.

were three people involved in the first round

that Cranbury had, my dad, Alan Danser and

Dietrich Wahlers. Alan Danser could not vote

on it. The property they were going to build

the houses on where affordables were, 875 homes

As far as Cranbury goes, there

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the warehouses.

We went forward with that, based

We had no idea that that was going

on the knowledge at the time COAH was based on

residential population. The game plan changed,

unfortunately, after we started building all

to happen or different plans would have been

98 happened to be on the east side of 130 on their land. It was up to my dad and D. Wahlers to do their homework regarding the problems Cranbury would face.

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6 All the issues that you are 7 talking about tonight, most of them are in this 8 article which I will give to the young lady, if 9 they want to post it on the web, everybody can read it about outgrowing our infrastructure, 10 11 also the police, fire, all our services, so on, 12 because at that time, it would double the township, residents in this town, 13 14 both as far as housing goes and school 15 requirements and everything else, 16

One reason why it was turned down because the company that was going to build over there, Weingarten and Siegel, they were known for building developments in areas and agreeing to put in a school.

Because if we would have had that 21 22 development built, we would have had a new 23 school. The school wasn't big enough. At that 24 time, they agreed, okay, we'll put in a school 25 for you.

100 1 2 warehousing it is so that we have ammunition to 3 send to the State.

This is fact not hearsay. I think 5 that would be something to do as far as the ammunition for that.

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7 But I think we have to fight this 8 all the way, and we can not afford even with 9 what the State says, they want to increase 10 funding to help municipalities finance 11 affordable housing program development for 12 maximum increase one percent equalized assessed 13 valuation for residential to one and a half 14 percent and from two percent EBA for commercial

15 to three percent. 16 You take the two point eight million square feet they want to build out of

17 Meridan, EBA on that is 58 dollars a square 18 19 foot. It comes out to \$1.74 a square foot as 20 far as the three percent.

21 If they put that money in the 22 town, it is four point eight million dollars. 23 On housing, we just built, I believe they were close to \$180,000 a unit. You're going to get 25 27 units out of that whole development. With

They did a similar situation up in North Jersey. After they got the development all completed with the school, they took the township to court and said they put the school up under duress. The courts found in their favor. The township had to build the school from that developer.

My dad and Mr. Wahlers decided to fund the affordable housing ourselves. That started Cranbury into the affordable housing, that was the first round.

I was on the Township Committee. I was involved with the Second Round with Mary Beth. We were building here on the Heritage Apartments.

Cranbury has always been very pro-active as far as the affordable housing has gone.

Seems that we are being penalized by the State. They don't understand, I think somebody from our committee ought to go and have somebody go to every one of these warehouses, get an actual count of the amount of people that work there and the type of

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1 2 the numbers they are talking, we have to build 30 warehouses like that even to cover them 4 anywhere near the cost. No matter how you look 5 at it, it's not a win-win situation.

We are going to get hit hard, I think we definitely have to fight it. Whatever ammunition we can get from any area of the State, we ought to pursue it.

10 MR. STOUT: Mr. Hasselbach made a 11 comment. Part of the study we have done after that, we did go around and get the data plus 13 from other towns have a lot of warehouses in 14 it.

15 Someone made a comment the policy 16 was built without scientific underpinning. We 17 are trying to provide them, here's the facts, here's what they are as opposed to what was in 18 19 someone's head.

20 We have got 10 minutes before we 21 close the comments, not that we don't want to hear from you. We got to go to the motion and 22 23 move this forward.

24 MS. GROSS: Susanne Gross, where 25 are we putting those units? We are saying this

102 1 104 2 side is zoned for warehousing, farmland is 2 taxes are cheaper and make our taxes go up. never going to be touched. I can't fathom 3 3 Let's get a way to change that 4 4 formula permanently so it can not be adjusted where it is going. 5 MR. STOUT: Neither can I. 5 and do away with COAH that you don't need them. 6 if you had a formula that really worked and I don't think anyone has come up 6 7 7 with that vision nor does anyone want to come move on, 8 8 up with that vision. Thank you. MR. DYLAN: Todd Dylan. When I 9 MR. STOUT: Any comments we 9 moved Into Cranbury Township, the committee was 10 drafted, we get to that issue. That's the 10 made up of farmers and local people. That's 11 logic, we'll drive the ratables away. 11 what made Cranbury what it is today. That's 12 Mr. Ziegler. 12 13 MR. ZIEGLER: Jack Ziegler. This how it started. 13 14 14 You can say what you want, that's thing, they want to consolidate communities in 15 what it was. 15 New Jersey. Cranbury is unique. It is a township. Places like Hightstown and 16 I want to take this to another 16 Pennington and Hopewell, Jamesburg, they are step. I don't think anybody disagrees that you 17 17 have an obligation for affordable housing, 18 18 boroughs, one square mile. They have no tax right off the bat. We all recognize that. 19 base. They can't build anything. They are not 19 20 The formula is where the problem 20 going to get hit with COAH. is. However, let's take this to a little bit 21 As an unique community, the 21 22 higher level. The State's been in trouble. 22 governor and many of the people in the State 23 The State moved the sales tax to seven percent. 23 don't like us because we are unique. They 24 The State is going to increase the gas tax. 24 don't like us kind of people. I don't know 25 The State is laying off people. 25 what we are going to do with it. I think the 1 105 1 103 2 How can they justify allowing an 2 Township Committee, I thank the Township 3 entity like COAH to really chase people out of 3 Committee for what they are doing, all the 4 the State? 4 people that showed up. They want to tax us out 5 5 Warehouses, if this goes through, of Cranbury. 6 I had developers tell me they are out of 6 Thank you. 7 7 business. I lived here 79 years. 8 MR. STOUT: One or two comments If this goes through, they are 8 9 chasing people out of the state. That's your 9 before we close. Make a comment on something 10 10 tax ratables. Has to go to another level. It fresh, we are going to move on. 11 can not just say because you have an 11 AUDIENCE: Maybe the whole 12 obligation, this is what we think your 12 warehouse proportional basis is a red herring. 13 obligation is. 13 Base your argument on that fact as a premise 14 It's like going to church. What 14 and you may lose. From what we heard earlier 15 can you afford? You can put more in the basket 15 the number was 53 thousand units, it went down. 16 than you can afford. 16 to basically come up with a process to 17 Naturally, you don't. That's what 17 determine how did they get to that. 18 they are telling us we have to do. 18 If you base your argument on that, 19 There's got to be a different way 19 that is not a primary driver for this 55

thousand, you may lose. You may want to

circumstances as opposed to making that your

MR. STOUT: I wouldn't say it is

consider some of the other extenuating

our primary, our understanding of the

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primary focus.

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of doing this formula and a different way of

of the State. I don't want to see them go 30

minutes away from here across the river where

here than what that obligation really is.

telling communities that you have an obligation

I don't want to chase people out

106 108 1 1 mechanics, it's what is driving our biggest 2 2 credit for what we lose? part of the number up. Our comments are 22 3 MR. STANNARD: There was a portion 3 4 pages long and growing by the day. 4 of the old rules called demolition. If you 5 I don't want to give you 5 build a warehouse, it creates jobs, you have to 6 misrepresentation that's the only issue we are 6 put in houses. Do you get credit if you 7 7 demolish a business, one of them going vacant dealing with, 8 We are dealing with a myriad of 8 like a bank? I don't know. If you demolish a 9 issues but at the same time trying to hone in 9 warehouse, it used to be you got credit for the 10 on those mechanical pieces that have no 10 jobs that disappeared. That's pretty much 11 foundation that we can identify, provide them 11 gone. That's out of here. 12 12 with foundation and hopefully, a foundation That's the only thing so small compared to our jeopardy under the warehouse 13 13 that brings them back to the reality our 14 numbers that we are not stressing, you can only 14 representatives were talking about. Anyone else who hasn't spoken 15 15 go to 200 points. There's so many points before you start losing the ear of the person 16 first? 16 MR. ROOT: Steve Root, 27 Wynnewood 17 you are talking about. 17 18 MS, LONERGAN: Richard is correct, 18 Drive. The core problem seems to be the 19 that demolition are off the table. In the 19 jump from point two jobs per thousand square 20 revised set of regulations, they have a 20 requirement, a municipality does inventory of 21 feet to 7.5 jobs per thousand square feet. The 21 man from Home Depot sounds like the point two 22 all vacant space at the time of petition which 22 23 estimate was too high already for Cranbury. 23 will be sometime this year in two thousand if the number of jobs in the other 24 eight, and if that vacant space at a certain 24 25 warehouses, that he didn't give us numbers, he 25 snapshot in time is reoccupied in some future 107 1 109 1 time, it would generate an obligation but you said there were about two hundred jobs between 2 2 Home Depot and Volkswagen, that accounts for 3 could offset it with some new space becoming 3 vacant. We have a comment on that also. 4 4 three-fifths of the warehouse space, we were 5 5 MR. STOUT: Thank you. At this well below the thousand jobs that would be 6 estimated with the point two number, so the 6 point, I'm going to close the public comment 7 shift to, shift to 7.5 seems completely 7 portion. I want to thank you all for coming out. It was great to hear from everyone. 8 8 unfounded, at least for Cranbury. 9 9 MS, MAUOIDES: Susan Mauoides. As I said earlier, we are all in 10 We should say we have credit for 10 this together. I came out here tonight because you care. It's the same reason all of us are 11 all the extra houses we already built and go on 11 12 offense not defense. 12 MR. STOUT: That's a fair comment, 13 13 I encourage you, someone came up 14 Mr. Berkowsky will say the position we are in 14 with a good schedule of ideas. He write the 15 right now, we are ahead of the game. We got 15 first letters to Lucy with a V., Voorhoeve, at credit for a lot of things. We did not to the COAH whose name I can't attempt to pronounce, 16 16 17 17 follow that up with letters to our extent you're looking for. 18 MS. MAUOIDES: Maybe we should add representatives and those who wish to write the 18 19 that. 19 governor, go for it. 20 MR. STOUT: It's probably in 20 We'll consider Resolution #R 21 there. 21 03-08-053, which is A Resolution Authorizing 22 MS. MAUOIDES: Underscore it. 22 The Submission Of Comments Objecting To The New 23 MS. BAUDER: Connie Bauder. Do we Jersey Council On Affordable Housing's Proposed 23 24 New Substantive And Procedural Rules Governing get credit for jobs we lost? We lost PNC. We 24 25 have lost some other businesses. Do we get 25 The Provision Of Affordable Housing in New

MS. CUNNINGHAM: We have five yeas

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Administrative Procedures Act, COHA is required

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1	114	,
2	and zero nays, the Resolution passes.	·
3	MR. STOUT: At this point, that	
4	finishes our business for this evening. Thank	
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5	you for coming out. We heard everybody's	
6	ideas. I'll entertain a motion to adjourn.	1
7	(Adjournment 9:45 P.M.).	
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2 3 4 5 6 7	I. M. VIRGINIA GUINTA, the Officer before whom the foregoing proceedings were taken, do hereby certify that the witnesses	
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2 3 4 5 6 7 8	M. VIRGINIA GUINTA, the Officer before whom the foregoing proceedings were taken, do hereby certify that the witnesses whose testimony appears in the foregoing	
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	I. M. VIRGINIA GUINTA, the Officer before whom the foregoing proceedings were taken, do hereby certify that the witnesses whose testimony appears in the foregoing proceedings were duly sworn and that	
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	I. M. VIRGINIA GUINTA, the Officer before whom the foregoing proceedings were taken, do hereby certify that the witnesses whose testimony appears in the foregoing proceedings were duly sworn and that said proceedings are a true record of the	
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